

Origins – Volume III:

THE JAZZ AMBASSADORS

by MSG Brian Eldridge, unit historian

"America's Big Band," the Jazz Ambassadors of The United States Army Field Band, traces its beginnings back to impromptu jam sessions and jazz ensembles led by enlisted soldiers, long before the Army Field Band had an official jazz component. From early temporary ensembles, to the "Kings of the Road" dance band, the founding of the Studio Band as an official touring jazz component and its eventual re-naming as the Jazz Ambassadors, a common theme emerged: It was the love of the music, expressed by performers and audiences alike, that established the presence of jazz in the organization. It was propelled by excellent arrangers, performers, directors, and leaders who recognized jazz as an effective medium for connecting with the American public.

Jazz Makes its way into the Army Field Band

As jazz became increasingly popular in the United States, it began to make its way into American military bands. Photos from the 110th Cavalry Band, Massachussetts National Guard, between 1924 and 1941, show Chester E. Whiting leading a small jazz band. When Whiting and his bandsmen were called to active service in World War II, they performed jazz onboard their troop ship during the 40-day Pacific crossing. As Whiting described on 30 January 1942: "Tonight a swing band under Sergeant Dominic Magazzu played on the forward deck. Hundreds of soldiers stood or sat in every available space. Some were even sitting on the boom up over our heads. The moon shone so brightly that it was no task to recognize the faces clear across the deck."¹

In the years after the war, Whiting became the Army Field Band's first commanding officer, and composed three jazz ballads for male solo vocals with accompaniment of a rhythm section and small ensemble of winds and brass. Each song represented an important moment in his own life. *The Cradle Rock Blues* (later retitled *High Up Blues*) was written in honor of his daughter Susan after her birth. *Uncertain* dealt with his feelings after experiencing the horrors of war in the Pacific. Finally, *Together Once More* was dedicated to his wife—memories of returning to her after the war and after tours with the Army Field Band.²



(Above) Whiting leads a jazz group in the 110th Massachussets National Guard Band. (Source: Scrapbook of Chet and Helen Whiting) (Right) The ballads of Chester E. Whiting.

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Early Field Band Jazz Ensembles

During the 1950s, members of the Field Band formed a number of temporary jazz ensembles which performed locally. This photo shows a combo known as the "Satisfiers" from 1958, featuring (L to R) Dave Sheetz, Joe Vento, Terry Bartholomew, and Smith Sutley. The photo below pictures the first unofficial jazz band, in 1959. It was conducted by Frank Granofsky (Field Band timpanist from 1949-1981), and featured:



Trumpet: Dave Sheetz, Ken Lesight, Sam Fricano, Mack Guderian Trombone: Ted Blumenthal, Jim Hubbard (2nd Army Band), Dick Sullivan, Dick Tenney Saxophone: Joe Gaudio, Terry Bartholomew, John Potochney, Jay Magidman Rhythm: Joe Vaughn, Pete Spooner (both from the 2nd Army Band) Vocals: Otto Vanderberg

(Above) The "Satisfiers" combo in 1958. (Photo courtesy of Ted Blumenthal)

Dave Sheetz recalled in 2013: "We were the founders of a jazz big band in 1958 that was separate from the Field Band. Major Whiting loved it! From this nucleus the Jazz Ambassadors eventually evolved...but all four of us were out in civilian life by then. I played lead, Ken ws the split lead/jazz player, Joe was lead also and Ted was first trombone. We even had a leader! Frank Granofsky."³

Ted Blumenthal described the band: "Sam Fricano was 1st trumpet in the Field Band in 1959. He played 2nd trumpet in the jazz band. The jazz band had no name. The music we played was that of Bill Holman, written for the Kenton Band. Dave Sheetz, lead trumpet for the jazz band, acquired the music from Richie Kamuca, a saxophonist on the Kenton Band. I also had started writing for the band. We only played one concert at, I believe, an enlisted man's club. Frank Granofsky conducted the music."⁴

Frank Granofsky, long time Field Band timpanist, also remembered the group: "Sometimes the members would form their own jazz ensembles just for the kicks of playing, and as a matter of fact they asked me to do a couple concerts, and I rehearsed the band. We did a concert on post and I think one in Laurel. That was purely for self-edification as there was no jazz ensemble at that time in the band. Fricano in my eyes really got the motive going for that."⁵



1959: The first unofficial jazz band. (Photo courtesy of Ted Blumenthal)



(Above) This photo from 1960 shows many of the same personnel as the 1959 jazz band. The original caption reads: "The music of 'The Travel Airs' is featured in 'Portraits in Rhythm,' capsule novelty review production of The U.S. Army Field Band of Washington, D.C. 29 Feb 1960." (Source: US Army Field Band Archives, courtesy of James D. Hubard, Jr.)



(Above) Frank Granofsky served as the Field Band's timpanist from 1949-1981, sang in the glee club, and conducted the first unofficial jazz band.

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*personnel to be announced

acknowledgements We would like to thank the staff of the Fort George G. Meade Service Club for their splendid cooperation. Also special mention is due the members of the United States army Field Band and the Second Army Eand who participated in the program. And as a firal tribute, se cannot thank enough the efforts of Billy Root, the present Beri Sax man with Stan Kenton for all he has contributed.

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(Source: US Army Field Band Archives, Joseph A. Greco collection)



(Top) Post-concert jam session in 1968. From left to right: Fricano, Jimmy O'Leary (drums), Gary Johnson, Larry Skinner. (Source: A Photo History of The United States Army Field Band: The First 75 Years, by S. Joseph Levine)



(Above) Before becoming the commanding officer of the Field Band, Fricano (right) was executive officer to Hal J. Gibson (left), who recalled:

"I came there in March of 1968, and I was very blessed to have this extremely talented, wonderful young Captain whose name happened to be Fricano. And we established a relationship that continues to this day. We had a relationship—that's what made the band work. We complimented each other in the very best ways. Never did we have a disagreement. I think everything just went smoothly, because we both respected each other's input."⁶

> (Right) Fricano conducts the Concert Band and Soldiers' Chorus. From the Vidette-Messenger of Porter County, Indiana, 9 May 1972.

Major Samuel J. Fricano Trumpet, 1955-1961 Executive Officer, 1964-1974 Commanding Officer, 1974-1979

Sam Fricano was a driving force behind the establishment of jazz in the Field Band. Before he became the Commander of the Army Field Band, he won a position in the band as a trumpet player. From the Kokomo Tribune, 9 June 1968: "Another man playing a prominent role in the work of this organization is Capt. Samuel J. Fricano. He is the executive officer and assistant conductor of the band. From Silver Creek, NY, he graduated from the Eastman School of Music in Rochester in 1955.

Following his graduation, he enlisted in the Army for duty with The United States Army Field Band and played solo trumpet for five years. In January 1961, he was selected to attend the Bandmaster's course at the US Naval School of Music in Washington DC, graduated first in his class, and was appointed a Warrant Officer Bandmaster. He was then assigned to Ft. Campbell, KY as Commanding Officer and Conductor of the 101st Airborne Division Band, where he attended Airborne School and became a qualified parachutist.

In March 1963, he was reassigned to Korea as Bandmaster of the 1st Cavalry Division Band. In February 1964, he received a direct commission to First Lieutenant as a special band officer and was reassigned to The US Army Field Band, and is presently executive officer and assistant conductor. In addition Capt. Fricano directs the 'Kings of the Road,' the stage band of The US Army Field Band, during special engagements."

Fricano became the Field Band's 5th Commander in 1974 when Hal Gibson departed to lead the Armed Forces Bicentennial Band.



Maj. Samuel Fricano directs Army Field Band in concert Monday. (V-M) Army Field Band Thrills 1,800

The Kings of the Road

In the mid-1960s, the Army Field Band still had only two official touring components—the Concert Band and the Soldiers' Chorus—which predominantly traveled together and often performed as a single unit. They had enough personnel, however, to leave Soldiers back at Fort Meade, MD to perform local engagements while the band and chorus were on tour. In 1965, at the direction of Wilmont N. Trumbull, the band's executive officer, a vocal ensemble known as the Soldiers of Song was created,⁷ and in 1966, a group of instrumentalists who formed a Ceremonial Detachment.⁸ Out of that group of Soldiers, a dance band was also created, known as the Kings of the Road. Sam Fricano had played trumpet in the Field Band from 1955 to 1961, and returned in 1964 as a First Lieutenant. Both Charles Almeida and Frank Granofsky later credited Fricano for forming the Kings of the Road.⁹ The Army Field Band now had a jazz ensemble that was considered an official part of the unit's structure.





(Above) Sam Fricano leads the "Kings of the Road."

(Right) The Ceremonial Detachment, under the direction of Chief Warrant Officer Ralph West.



(Above) Fricano in concert with the Kings of the Road. (Below) The organizational composition of the Field Band in the late 1960s shows the Kings of the Road and an assortment of small combo groups. (Source: US Army Field Band archives)



1966-1968 Appearances of the Ceremonial Detachment, Soldiers of Song, and the Kings of the Road

From 1966 to 1968, the Ceremonial Detachment, Soldiers of Song, and Kings of the Road kept busy, performing up and down the East Coast. The Ceremonial Detachment, under the direction of Chief Warrant Officer Ralph West, usually appeared alongside the Soldiers of Song, conducted by Ron Warewhile the Kings of the Road, under Fricano, featured separately. Performances were included school assemblies, local and regional concerts, ceremonies, and appearances for dignitaries in Washington, DC.

During Fall 1966, the Ceremonial Detachment groups performed 46 times while the Concert Band and Soldiers' Chorus traveled on a 70day tour.¹⁰



CAPTAIN SAMUEL J. FRICANO, CONDUCTOR a unit of THE UNITED STATES ARMY FIELD BAND Washington, D.C.



This 1/4-inch audio reel is the first recorded appearance of the Kings of the Road. From the Christmas program recorded on 24 December 1966, it features two selections by the Kings of the Road (dance band) and lists "Captain S. Fricano" as "Dance Band Leader."



The Marshall News Messenger, Marshall TX, 2 February 1967, previews the farthest recorded appearance of the Ceremonial Detachment from Ft. Meade. The paper bills the group as "The United States Army Field Band from Kelly Pool" directed by CW4 Ralph C. West (Kelly Pool is now often referred to as Burba Lake and sits adjacent to Devers Hall, the band's rehearsal facility). The drum major is Robert "Doc" Kramer, who played saxophone in the Studio Band and Concert Band, and served as the unit's senior enlisted leader before retiring in 1983.

Chief Warrant Officer Four Ralph C. West French Horn, 1947-1951 Supply Officer & Director of the Ceremonial Detachment, 1959-1968

Ralph West's long career in the US Army began with the 6th Field Artillery Mounted Band at Ft. Hoyle, MD, and continuted into Europe during World War II where he served with the 9th Infantry Division Band from 1942-1945. After the war, he was a French horn player in the early days of the Army Field Band, serving in the Army Ground Forces Band from 1947 to 1951—during the time it was redesignated as The United States Army Field Band. He received a direct appointment to Warrant Officer in 1951 and became an assistant bandmaster. During the Korean War, he served as Commander of the 45th Infantry Division Band and 3rd Infantry Division Band, and was awarded the Bronze Star Medal. For his work organizing and training the 7th Republic of Korea Division Band, he was made an honorary Korean Bandmaster. After serving as Commander of the 72nd Army Band at Camp Hanford, Washington, West returned to The US Army Field Band. He served from 1959-1968 as supply officer, and was the Officer in Charge of the Field Band's Ceremonial Detachment. He led the Ceremonial Detachment in a number of engagements from 1966-1968 before transferring back to Korea.



(Above Right) 1968: Executive Officer Sam Fricano presents a farewell gift to Ralph West, who is preparing to depart for Korea.



West (center) as a member of the horn section in the Army Ground Forces Band in the late 1940s, before it was redesignated the United States Army Field Band.

E, FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1967

'Kings Of The Road'

The sound of the big-band eral and "Blues, Before - After - Be-will be heard on WJZ-TV Satur-day, March 4, when the "Kings of the Road" are featured on ducts the "Kings of the Road." Studio 13 at 1 P.M. The "Kings Charles Hollyday will direct the of the Road" is the stage band of the world - famous United States Army Field Band

States Army Field Band. Composed of seventeen musi the Armed Forces Radio and Sunday, March 12. Television Network.

The stage band is credited with several years of profession-al experience since many of its are experience since many or its members formerly played with such well-known bands as Harry James, Les and Larry Elgart, Si Zentner, Woody Herman, Jimmy and Tommy Dorsey and Ralph Marterie Ralph Marterie.

Timmy and rommy borsey and Ralph Marterie. The "Kings of the Road" sound is reminiscent of Stan Kenton, Count Basie and Woody Herman during the big-band era of the 1940's and 1950's. The band has the versatility to pro-duce virtually any stage band sound. Its musicians are also composers and arrangers and frequently contribute to the band's repertoire. During the program, the "Kings of the Road" will play the following selections: "Fawn-pc," "Polkadots and Moon-beams," "Freedom Shout," "Back Home," "Jessica's Day"





(Left) On 3 March 1967, The Baltimore Evening Sun previews the Kings of the Road and describes their sound as "reminiscent of Stan Kenton, Count Basie and Woody Herman during the big-band era of the 1940s and 1950s."



(Above) 13 August 1967: The Akron Beacon Journal describes the Ceremonial Detachment, Ralph C. West, and the Hayseeds—a Field Band vocal group featuring former Grand Ole Opry star Jim Tarleton.



KINGS OF THE ROAD'

The internationally famous "Kings of the Road" the U.S. Army Field Band from Washington, D.C. will appear at the Crystal Ballroom of the Hotel Jamestown in Jamestown, N.Y. this com-The "Kings" seventeen musicians who play in the ing Friday.

style of the "big band era", will perform at a dance sponsored by area Army, Air Force and Navy Reserve units. The dance is open to the public.

B Studio 13.

Concert by the Kings of the Road, the dance band of the United States Army Field Band.

The Baltimore Evening Sun, 6 April 1968.

July 2-The Pier Five; July 10-Ceremonial Detachment, The United States Army Field Band and Soldiers of Song; July 16-The Buddy Voelker Orchestra; July 23-Sing-Out Baltimore; July 30-The Johnny Hart Orchestra.

24 June 1968.

(Left) The Warren Times (Warren, PA) 18 Oct 1967.

Army Band

Band, the newest component of the Army Field Band, and the Soldiers of Song will present a concert April 7 in the Governor Thomas Johnson High School ditorium from 3 to 4:30 p.m. The public is invited to this Fort Detriek silver anniversary event Detrick silver anniversary event at no charge. The Ceremonial Detachment

The Ceremonial Detachment Band, organized in 1966, and di-rected by Sgt Major Anthony Salatti, has enjoyed much suc-cess in its role as "goodwill ambassadors of the United States Army." The Ceremonial Detachment. The Ceremonial Detachment.

most highly talented musicians in the country; each selected on the hasis of skill and pro-

To Perform At Frederick The Ceremonial Detachment Band, the newest component of the Army Field Band, and the Soldiers of Song, an eiite section of the Army Field Band, is comprised of highly trained and experienced vocalists. Act-ing as goodwill ambassadors for the Department of the Army and directed by Specialist Ron Ware, the ensemble tours the Concert April 7 in the Governor Thomas Johnson High School didtorium from 3 to 4:30 p.m. The public is invited to this Fort Detrick silver anniversary event

Song have performed numerous times for the President and Vice President and visiting heads of state.

Rabbi To Lecture

States Army." The Ceremonial Detachment. like its parent unit, the Army Field Band, is made up of a cross section of some of the on the "Basic Concepts of Juda-

The News (Frederick, MD), 29 March 1968. Sergeant Major Tony Salatti directs the Ceremonial Detachment, most likely because Ralph West was preparing to depart for his next assignment in Korea.



The Soldiers of Song, with Officer-in-Charge Ralph West (far left) and their director Ron Ware (far right).



The saxophone section of the Kings of the Road.



Original caption: "Kings of the Road. The Dance Band with Lt. Sam on the horn."

Key Commanding Officers

In addition to Samuel Fricano (the future fifth commander of the Army Field Band) the third and fourth commanders also played important roles in the eventual forming of the Jazz Ambassadors.

Wilmont N. Trumbull came to the Army Field Band in 1960, nine months before Chester Whiting retired. He served as executive officer under Robert Bierly, the band's second commander, for six years, before assuming command from 1966 until 1968. Out of the band's surplus of personnel, he directed the formation of the Soldiers of Song in 1965. During his tenure, the Ceremonial Detachment and Kings of the Road were also created.

Trumbull was a music teacher in Massachusetts before being drafted into the Army in 1940. He attended the Army Bandmasters' School and directed bands during WWII, and then post-war in Berlin, Munich, Fort Knox, and Fort McPherson. In 1956, he served at the Pentagon as chief of Army bands. During WWII, he led the Fifth Army Band under fire in the second wave of landings at Salerno, and also served during the battle of Anzio. He was awarded the Italian Cross of Valor by Prince Umberto in 1944.¹¹

During his time as commander of the Field Band, the unit performed at the Mormon Tabernacle, the Seattle Space Needle, and for Dwight D. Eisenhower. After his tenure with the Field Band, Trumbull served in Vietnam, and in 1969 retired from the Army and returned to teaching music. Lieutenant Colonel Wilmont N. Trumbull Executive Officer, 1960-1966 Commanding Officer, 1966-1968





Colonel Hal J. Gibson Associate Conductor, 1961-1962 Commanding Officer, 1968-1974 Commander, Armed Forces Bicentennial Band, 1974-1975

Conductor, music educator, French horn player, and World War II fighter pilot, Hal J. Gibson led the Field Band through a difficult time in US history as the unit's fourth commanding officer, and established the Studio Band in 1969.

Gibson played French horn in high school, and for one year at Oklahoma City University. After the United States entered WWII, he volunteered for the Aviation Cadet Program in 1942 and learned to fly. He was called to active service in the Army Air Corps in 1943 where he qualified as a single engine fighter pilot.¹² During the war, he served in air wings in New Guinea, the Philippines, and Japan, and participated in the Northern Luzon Campaign, the Southern Luzon Campaign, and the Philippine Liberation Campaign.¹³

After WWII, Gibson completed Bachelor's and Master's degrees at Southern Methodist University, taught high school band, and played horn with the Dallas Symphony and other orchestras. In 1947, he was recruited to lead the 49th Armored Division National Guard Band, resuming his Army career. He then led the Fourth Armored Division Band in Germany, the 266th Army Band at Ft. Hood, and the Second US Army Headquarters Band at Ft. Meade. He was director of the West Point Glee Club at the United States Military Academy before coming to the Army Field Band as commander in 1968.

Widely respected as a musician and leader, Gibson was selected to organize and lead the Armed Forces Bicentennial Band and Chorus. Initial planning meetings began in late 1973, and the band began touring in 1975. Featuring musicians from all five services, the ensemble utilized touring expertise from Gibson and a core group of personnel from the Field Band to conduct tours during the nation's bicentennial.





(Above) L to R: William Schuman, Aaron Copland, Hal Gibson, and Roy Harris.

1969 The Studio Band

The Army Field Band's official, touring jazz component

By 1969, commanding officer Hal J. Gibson concluded that Army resources would be better spent by having another touring component, rather than a detachment of soldiers performing locally.¹⁴ He decided that a second concert band would have been redundant, and Sam Fricano's dance band already demonstrated the popularity of jazz and its success as an outreach medium. In addition, the Concert Band and Soldiers' Chorus were frequently conducting tours of over 70 days,¹⁵ and a third traveling component would allow for shorter tours while maintaining the same total number of missions.

Gibson recalled in 2021: "Charlie Almeida had a lot of experience in the jazz field, of course, so it was perfect for him. The few of us talked and we said, let's create something a little bit different. We're going to make this more like the studio bands that are found primarily in New York City and LA. So we had the regular straight-ahead dance band, but we added three horns, oboe, tuba, and we could play a lot of different things. That's what it was all the time I was there."¹⁶

The decision was made to create an official, touring jazz band, and the choice to lead the new ensemble was Chief Warrant Officer Three Charlie Almeida, who Gibson called a "true jazz artist."¹⁷



The early Studio Band. Charlie Almeida directs, with Saxophone. Note the French horns, tuba, and oboe on far right, and absence of band title on the stand fronts. Robert Kramer, drum major of the Ceremonial Detachment, is pictured in the center of the saxophone section.

Chief Warrant Officer Three Charles F. Almeida Director of the Studio Band: 1968-1972

Charlie Almeida's tenure with The United States Army Field Band, as the first director of the Studio Band, was the final assignment of a varied military career. He served in the Marine Corps Reserve, and then in the newly formed Airmen of Note in the early 1950s. In the Note, he continued his musical relationship and friendship with Sammy Nestico, who served as both arranger and director of the Note. In his assignment before coming to the Field Band, Almeida was the commanding officer of the Army element of the NORAD Band in Colorado Springs, CO.

From his bio as director of the Studio Band: "Mr. Almeida attended the Rhode Island Conservatory of Music. He performed with bands in New York, Chicago, and Las Vegas, as well as leading his own band, 'The Internationals' in the Miami-Key West area. In 1951, he joined the United States Air Force Band and for three years played with the Airmen of Note. Following this assignment, he was first sergeant of the Air Force Bands at both Eglin and Patrick Air Force Bases. During the Winter of 1956 he played flute with the Miami Symphony Orchestra. In 1962, Mr. Almeida enlisted in the United States Army and was assigned as a woodwind instructor at the Army Element of the US Naval School of Music. He was accepted into the Bandmaster Preparatory School in Washington, DC, graduated, and was appointed a Warrant Officer Bandmaster. He was assigned to Fort Huachuca, Arizona as commanding officer of the 36th Army Band and, while stationed there, studied music for two years at the University of Arizona. From October 1965 until August 1966 he served as bandmaster of the Eighth US Army Band in Seoul, Korea. In September 1966, he was reassigned as commanding officer of the Army Element, NORAD Band, Colorado Springs."

About the time the Kings of the Road was being established at the Army Field Band, Almeida called and offered to help them start a dance band.¹⁸ Thanks to Sam Fricano, that project was already underway, but it would not be Charlie's last contact with the Field Band.

In 1968, Almeida was informed there had been 10 nominees from the field of 108 Warrant Officer Army bandleaders, and that he had been selected as the first choice to go to the Army Field Band. His jazz expertise and friendship with Sammy Nestico would be key in establishing the Studio Band.





Charlie (far right) with Sammy Nestico's original small group, the Mel-O-Tones. Nestico is on the left with trombone, and the bass player is George Granofsky, brother of long time Field Band timpanist Frank Granofsky.



Almeida's first performance with the Airmen of Note in 1953, at the Bolling AFB NCO Club, where he played 1st flute, piccolo, 4th tenor, and clarinet.



The NORAD Band "Cavalcade of Music"





Headquartered at Peterson Field in Colorado Springs, CO, the NORAD Band was a joint-services musical unit organized in 1959 to support the North American Aerospace Defense Command. The only unit of its kind, it was a permanent assignment for enlisted musicians from the United States Army, Air Force, and Navy, as well as the Canadian Air Force. Billed as the "Cavalcade of Music," it featured a large concert band, as well as a big-band component (the NORAD Commanders) and a traveling dance band known as the NORADaires.¹⁹

The Commanders big band was home to many well known jazz musicians and arrangers, including future members of the Army Field Band Charlie Almeida and Dave Wolpe.

John Gates, Jr., another future member of the Army Field Band's Studio Band, served as a percussionist with the NORAD concert band and played drumset in the NORADaires. He remembered the approximate sizes of the different service contingents: US Army: 35, US Air Force: 40, US Navy: 6, Canadian Air Force: 30.

High profile concerts of the band included appearances at Carnegie Hall, the Hollywood Bowl, Disneyland, the Montreal World's Fair, and a tour of Guatemala.²⁰



John L. Gates, Jr. was a member of the NORAD Band and served in the Studio Band from 1968-71. (Photo courtesy of John L. Gates, III)



Almeida leads the NORAD Band in Disneyland. (Photo courtesy of John L. Gates, III)

Putting Together the Studio Band Part A: Instrumentation

Charlie Almeida had a conversation with long-time friend Sammy Nestico, who suggested the Field Band form a full studio orchestra, complete with strings and harp. The Field Band had not had an orchestra since its days as the Army Ground Forces Band in the late 1940s. An orchestra existed as part of the unit for a brief time as soldiers were transitioning back to the States after World War II, and Chester Whiting was working with Army leadership to determine the instrumentation of the newly formed band.²¹ The Field Band did maintain a cello section as part of the Concert Band until the early to mid-1950s—but, since then, tables of organization and equipment for the Army special bands specified that only the Army Band at Ft. Myer, VA would have an orchestra.

The plan to use strings was shot down by Army leadership,²² but Almeida still liked the idea of using French horns. At the time, he had been listening to the music of Pat Williams, who used horns extensively. Also, the Airmen of Note used a French horn player during his time there. Hal Gibson agreed, and the decision was made to use French horns, tuba, and oboe.



(Above) The Brass section of the original Studio Band: Trombones (L to R), Wendell Shepard, Rick Culver, Dave Wolpe, unknown. Trumpets (L to R), Carl Vittetoe, Jay Saunders, unknown. The tubist and French horn players were from the Ceremonial Detachment. A third French horn player was later added. (Photo courtesy of Charles F. Almeida, Jr.)



(Above) The Saxophone section of the original Studio Band.



The early Studio Band. (Photo courtesy of Richard W. Taylor)



(Above) From the Columbus Dispatch, 12 April 1974, an interview with Stephen Bueker, one of the Studio Band's French horn players.







The Army Field Band in Takoma Park, 9 July 1968. Almeida remembers: "One of the first performances of what became the Studio Band. At performances of the Concert Band, we would insert some big band charts after intermission, then bring everyone back for the closers."



Putting Together the Studio Band Part B: Players and Arrangers

With the instrumentation decided upon, it was time to recruit a nucleus of players and arrangers. Almeida asked Hal Gibson's permission to take on Dave Wolpe as lead arranger. Charlie had known Wolpe since 1960 when they were assigned at Parick AFB together, and Wolpe had been one of his Sergeants in the NORAD Band. The first chart he wrote for the Studio Band was titled "Wave," and used their three French horn players from the Ceremonial Detachment.

Tom Garvin, pianist, also wrote several tunes, and they slowly built a library. On a tour to the Northeast, Hal Gibson and Sam Fricano recruited two fantastic players in Steve Gadd (drums) and Joel DiBartolo (bass). Jay Saunders, recently out of the Kenton Band, was recruited to play lead trumpet. Ray Brown, another future trumpet player of the Kenton band, joined as well and contributed numerous arrangements to the early Studio Band.



(Top) This photo of the early Studio Band rhythm section shows John Gates, Jr. on drums, Steve Gadd on triangle, and Tony Schwartz on piano. (Photo credit: William R. Bope)

(Bottom) Steve Gadd on drums. After leaving the Army in 1971, Gadd became internationally famous. (Photo courtesy of John L. Gates, III)



After serving in the Studio Band until 1971, Jay Saunders returned to the Kenton Band, and then to the University of North Texas to pursue his master's degree. He has since taught at Richland College, Tarrant County College, Texas Wesleyan University, Collin College, and the University of North Texas.²³



Joel DiBartolo went on to perform with Chuck Mangione, Maynard Ferguson and Buddy Rich, and was a member of Doc Severinsen's Tonight Show Band for 18 years. He taught at Northern Arizona University from 1995-2011.

			The United States ARMY FIELD BAND
The United States ARMY FIELD BAND	INTERMISSION	m	Washington, D.C.
Washington, D. C.	本本	for Frinklin Stor	THE STUDIO BAND
- Presents	SOUTH SHORE	Jeff Sturgis	CW/O Charles Almeida, Director
THE STUDIO BAND	OCTOBER	Curt Berg	STOR
	DON'TCHA HEAR ME CALLIN' YA?	Sp5 Christie	SARD.
PATRIOTIC PROLOGUE	FREEDOM ISN'T FREE Vocals by the Freedom Singers	Sp5 Brown	Sponsored By
THAT OLD BLACK MAGIC	THIS LAND IS YOUR LAND Vocals by the Freedom Singers	Sp5 Scott	The South Tama County High School Ban FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1970
DON'T SLEEP IN THE SUBWAY	WHERE IS LOVE?	Sp5 Brown	
WHAT NOW MY LOVESp5 Saunders	CALIFORNIA DREAMIN'	Sp5 Garvin	At the South Tama High School Gymnasium
DIDN'T WE GIRL?	BASICALLY BLUES	Phil Wilson	
JOY SPRING	CISSY STRUT	Sp5 Peterson	
ANGEL EYES	GOLDEN RAINBOW	Sp5 Garvin	
CALIFORNIA SOUL			
SALUTE TO THE CAVALRY			

The concert program from 24 April 1970 shows mostly in-house charts, especially by Dave Wolpe and Ray Brown.



Ray Brown (left) and Larry Skinner (right) perform a flugelhorn feature. Ray Brown joined the trumpet section of the Kenton Band in 1971, along with Jay Saunders, and afterwards had a successful career as a professional performer and arranger. (Photo courtesy of John L. Gates, III)



(Above) Larry Skinner performed in both the Studio Band and Concert Band of the Army Field Band, serving from 1961-64 and 1966-72. After leaving the Army, he had a career in the Navy Commodores.

Master Sergeant David J. Wolpe, a native of San Bernadino, Calif., is the assistant director, chief arranger and a trombonist for the Studio Band.

In a relatively short time, his arrangements and compositions have become identified as "Sounds of the '70s."

"Sounds of the '70s." Prior to joining the Army Field Band in 1968, M. Sgt. Wolpe was musical director and chief arranger for the North American Air Defense Command (NORAD) Commanders Orchestra in Colorado Springs, Colo. In addition, his extensive military musical career includes tours with the 82nd Army Band in Stuttgart, Germany; the 158th Army Band at Ft. Knox, Ky.; the 583rd Air Force Band in Fountainbleu, France and the 680th Air Force Band in Alamagordo, N.M.

His talent in arranging and composing is reflected in the fact that much of the Studio Band's repertoire is directly attributable to him. Also, he has added to the libraries of the Glenn Miller and Lawrence Welk Orchestras.

(Above) From the 28 April 1974 concert program



Army Studio Band to play

"Sounds of the '70's' performed by the Studio Band of the U.S. Army Field Band will be presented as part of the University of Redlands Festival of the Arts tomorrow at 3 p.m. in the University of Redlands Memorial Chapel. The concert is free and open to the public.

A former University of Redlands student, Specialist 6 Robert Payne is a trombonist with the Studio Band. He has performed professionally with the Stan Kenton and Woody Herman Bands and the Stan Kenton Neophonic Orchestra.

Another Californian, Specialist 7 David J. Wolpe of San Bernardino, is a member of the musical group. He is the associate director, chief arranger and a trombonist.

The Studio Band, composed of an elite 30-member ensemble, has earned widespread acclaim with its distinctive musical styling and handling of tunes ranging from the "Big Band" sounds of the '40's to the most popular songs of today's youth and has appeared at many stage band clinics, national music conferences and

'Sounds of the '70's'' per- on countless college and

Sergeant Major David J. Wolpe Trombonist, Chief Arranger, and Director of the Studio Band 1968-1976

A cornerstone in the establishment of the Studio Band, Dave Wolpe brought a wealth of experience from his previous assignments. Before coming to the Field Band, he was the musical director and chief arranger for the NORAD Commanders—one of several posts where he worked with Charlie Almeida.

His arranging expertise helped the Studio Band quickly establish a library after its founding. From a concert program in 1974 (top left): "His talent in arranging and composing is reflected in the fact that much of the Studio Band's repertoire is directly attributable to him. Also, he has added to the libraries of the Glenn Miller and Lawrence Welk Orchestras."

Wolpe also directed the Studio Band regularly, serving as long time associate director, and leading the component in between officers-in-charge. His longest period as director was in the mid 1970s, in between the tenures of Jack Grogan and Paul Chiaravalle.

(Left) 26 March 1971: The Redlands Daily Facts credits SP7 Wolpe as associate director, chief arranger, and trombonist. (Below) The Studio Band in concert in 1977. Leading the band with trombone is likely SFC John R. Berry, who directed the band in between Wolpe's departure and the arrival of the band's next warrant officer.



The Studio Band Hits the Road under the direction of Chief Warrant Officer Almeida

The Studio Band's first concert tour in 1969 was a great success. From a unit quarterly review and analysis report (fourth quarter, FY 1969):

"The highlight of this quarter was the second phase of the 1969 Spring Tour conducted throughout the Mid-Atlantic and Southwestern states. The newly formed Studio Band also conducted a tour of some three weeks that was not only most productive but was unique in many aspects. For the first time in the history of the Field Band two units were concurrently on tour covering two divergent geographical areas. The Studio Band tour also differed in concept in its approach to audience... For the first time ever on a major tour, the priority audience was not encountered at night, but rather was sought during school hours at high schools and universities. Major population centers were avoided to achieve maximum impact in the more sparsely populated areas which have been largely neglected in recent years. The tour centered in the deprived sections of Appalachia with results far more gratifying than had been expected. The music performed was ideally suited to the age group reached, and the many letters received following the tour attest to the band's ability to successfully communicate with a younger audience. The Studio Band has truly bridged the generation gap and we have been treated to the unusual spectacle of collegiate Americans wildly cheering their counterparts who are proudly wearing the uniform of their country."

Dear Sir.

I would like to express my appreciation for the outstanding program the U. S. Army Field Band under the competent leadership of Chief Warrant Officer Charles F. Almeida, Jr. presented to the Washington Irving High School student body.

I feel our student body has a better attitude toward the military. It's quite easy for the youth of today to pick up a false impression of what the U. S. Army represents. They see troops in Vietnam - they see troops on college campuses - they see troops in racial situations. This type of press and television coverage can lead to a very negative attitude and I feel the performance given by the band Monday helped a great deal to displace this feeling.

Sincerely. ames C. Bennett JAMES E. BENNETT Principal

(Above) A note from the principal of Washington Irving High School, Clarksburg, West Virginia, 6 May 1969.



(Above) Almeida leads Studio Band rehearsal.

H. LEE MOYER 1030 Sheridan Avenue Charlottesville, Virginia 22901 Commander and Chief U. S. Army Field Band Washington, D.C. CHIEF WARRANT Office uct the Studio Band of U.S. Army Field Band concert at Clowes Hall prow night at 8. I just heard a great concert! The U. S. Army Studio Band performed an excellent program at The University of Virginia this afternoon, May 18, 1969. The jazz and rock and roll music they played is truly American music and I am proud that the U. S. Army is sponsoring a group of this kind. The musicianship these men displayed was excellent. Than to Charlottesville. Thank you for sending them & Let 18 MAY 1969

(Above) More audience correspondence from the first tour, 18 May 1969.

Vivian Williamson, a teacher at Peabody High School in Peterson, VA, wrote: "*I feel that I am making an important* contribution toward attaining a goal our country desperately needs—racial tolerance. Yet there is nothing I can do in this classroom that can be compared to the impact of this concert on our students. It was truly relevant to have an all white band appear at an all black high school in the South. The channels of communication between the white and black communities in the South, to say the least, need much improvement. This was an important step in the right direction. I am sure you must be proud of this very talented group of musicians. The Army was expertly represented in their performance. Please accept my thanks for helping us to make education more relevant. Our country and our youth need more of this."

During the Spring of 1970, the Studio Band was in the Western United States for another concert tour and received praise for its impact on young audiences. The Casper (Wyoming) Star-Tribune wrote: *"Songs were geared to most musical tastes and ranged from an updated arrangement of Ellington's 'Take the A Train' to a Simon*

and Garfunkel tune that currently is in the top ten around the country: 'Bridge Over Troubled Water.' The featured vocalist, Rick DeAzevedo, of television's The King Family show fame, received a hearty round of applause... Through the effective use of electronic amplification, the wailing tenor sax of Tom Peterson and the honey-smooth trombone of Dave Wolpe were greatly enhanced. Ray Brown's trumpet solo on 'Rainy Day' was a delight to hear. Flutes, other woodwinds, and piano were featured in 'I'll Never Fall in Love Again' and 'California Dreaming.' Throughout these, and in fact all numbers, the percussion section, spearheaded by Steve Gadd, was at its best. If the listeners were expecting traditional military marches from the Army Studio Band, they were disappointed, because the group really grooved, from the lead-off 'Old Black Magic,' swinging through the last notes of the concert!"

The band played numerous local gigs, including several at the new Merriweather Post Pavilion in Columbia, MD. One of the Merriweather concerts featured legendary composer and saxophonist Hank Levy.

A concert at Baltimore's Left Bank Jazz Society²⁴ and a review in Downbeat magazine helped spread the word of the band's quality.²⁵

(Right) Almeida leads the Studio Band at the recently built Merriweather Post Pavilion in Columbia, MD in 1970. The band performed there several times, including in 1969. By 1970, the Studio Band had stand fronts with their name and Army Field Band distinctive unit insignia.







(Above) The Studio Band performs at the Left Bank Jazz Society, Baltimore.

The Studio Band Inspires the Creation of the Army Blues

As the Studio Band had been partially inspired by the Airmen of Note, it inspired the creation of the next big band in an Army special band: the Army Blues. Charlie Almeida recalled a performance at an anniversary ball for the Army AG Corps in 1970. The Field Band was contacted and asked for a dance band performance, since they had the recently founded Studio Band. They performed a 45-minute set before the main event, at the Bolling Air Force Base officer's club. Almeida programmed "lots of hard-driving rock and jazz," accompanied by short explanations of each tune and how it would be used during the band's touring mission. Army leadership was impressed and shortly thereafter, Colonel Samuel Loboda, the Commander of Pershing's Own, directed the founding of the Army Blues.²⁶



Colonel Jack H. Grogan Director of the Studio Band Executive Officer Commander 1970-1971, 1972-1979, 1988-1999



A native of Anson, Texas, Jack Grogan received his bachelor's degree in music from Hardin-Simmons University in Abilene, and his master's degree from the University of Florida, where he studied conducting with Frederick Fennell.

Grogan served with the Army Field Band near the beginning of his career as a 2nd Lieutenant. In his own words, he did "a little bit of everything," to include serving as a pay officer and assisting with school programs, before becoming director of the Studio Band sometime in 1971. After serving two assignments in Vietnam, he returned to the Field Band and again served as director of the Studio Band in 1973 and 1974, this time as a Captain.

Grogan served as executive officer under Major Sam Fricano, and then in other positions, including as Chief of Army Bands, staff band officer in Germany, and commander of the USAREUR band. He served a second assignment at the Armed Forces School of Music (where his Army career began) and was the first band officer to attend the Army War College.²⁷

He returned to the Field Band for the third time in 1988 and served as executive officer under Colonel William E. Clark, before becoming the band's 7th commander in 1991 and retiring as a Colonel in 1999. During his tenure as commander, he was responsible for the design and construction of the new rehearsal facilities at Ft. Meade, MD that have been the Field Band's home since their completion in 1999.

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THE OF THE	STUDIO BAND	
UNIT	CED STATES ARMY	
FIEI of wash	PROGRAM	
	Captain Jack H. Grogan, Conducting	
* 1	PATRIOTIC PROLOGUE arr. Dave Wolpe*	Route 81 North Ray Brown
	That Old Black Magic arr. Dave Wolpe*	Liquescence Bob Payne
	Donna May Bob Payne**	Raw Bones Dave Wolpe Specialists Dave Wolpe and Bob Payne, Trombone solois
	Feelin' Free Sammy Nestico Specialist Larry Skinner, trumpet soloist	Fire and Rain arr Dave Wolp Specialist Eddie Morant, vocal soloist
	We've Only Just Begun arr. Dave Wolpe*	Yankee Doodle arr. Ray Brown
	Always Something There To Remind Me arr. Dave Wolpe* Specialist Eddie Morant, vocal soloist	Stars and Stripes Forever arr. Dave Wolp
	Something arr. Jim Scott*	*US Army Field Band staff arrangers
	Medley (from "Hair") arr. Mark Blumberg*	** US Army Field Band composers

Jack H. Grogan: Service in Vietnam

Between his first two assignments with the Army Field Band, Jack Grogan served with the 23rd Infantry Division at Chu Lai, and the 29th General Support Group at Long Bihn. He described life changing interactions with men who were heartbroken and angry that Soldiers did not have the support of the American people.²⁸ Grogan's experiences in Vietnam gave him a conviction that the United States military could not win a war without support from the American public. He presented this idea to other officers during his time at the Army War College, and returned to the Army Field Band passionate about the importance of its mission to keep support of Americans behind the military.

During his two tenures as director, Grogan led the band through tours and engagements during a difficult time in the nation—both in terms of continuing racial and equality struggles, and how the public viewed the military in the wake of the Vietnam War. The power of music and the talent of players and vocalists in the Studio Band proved very impactful, and effective at uniting Americans.





(Above) The Vietnam service medal (L) and insignia of the 29th Support Group (R).





Director of the Studio Band Supply Officer 1971-1974

Between Jack Grogan's two tenures as director of the Studio Band, Chief Warrant Officer Donald M. Flewell took over leadership of the group. In his previous assignment, he led the First Infantry Division Band in Vietnam.

Flewell directed the Studio Band and served as the unit's supply officer, then moved to the Armed Forces Bicentennial Band from 1974-1976, where he served as their supply officer during the staffing, setup, and touring of the special jointservices ensemble.²⁹ Flewell returned to the Field Band in 1976 and again served as the supply officer, before moving on to his next assignment at Ft. Jackson, SC.

During his time with the Field Band, he helped record several albums—as director of the Studio Band on "The Session" and "Jazz: A Great American Heritage" and as technical director



1971-1974: Sing Out For America

From 1971 to 1974, the Concert Band, Soldiers' Chorus, and Studio Band continued their nationwide concert tours, but at a reduced frequency. Commander Hal J. Gibson created a unique ensemble comprised of the Studio Band and Soldiers' Chorus to perform concerts designed to bring people together and restore patriotism after the conflicts of the 1960s.

Sergeant Major retired Dave Hegmann, bass trombonist and audio engineer with the Studio Band, remembered: "To take the decision and put it into a historical perspective, it was a very bad time for the United States and for the military. For those of us who were in the service during the tail end of Vietnam and post Vietnam, to be in uniform was an anathema at best. I've been called 'baby killer,' I've had people spit on me... Sing Out for America was an attempt, I believe, that was put into place by LTC Gibson, to try and get people to remember that we are still a country. We can disagree, but he wanted to just say, 'this is a show of Americana.' It was American music, and it was an attempt to try and heal some of the wounds of that particular time."³⁰

"Sing Out" toured at least once a year from 1971 to 1974 and received glowing reviews from local media. On 5 October 1973, David Zucchino wrote in the Raleigh *News and Observer: "Picture a bunch of tough soldiers decked out in dress blues and singing their hearts out and you'll get a good indication of what went on in Raleigh's Memorial Auditorium Wednesday night. It was billed as 'Sing out for America,' featuring The United States Army Field Band and plenty of old fashioned patriotism. A near capacity crown heard the God and Country numbers, but they got a smattering of country and Western, popular, and Broadway sounds too."*

From Shirley Jarvis' extensive write-up in the *Sheboygan Press* on 8 May 1972: "*The evening flew by with Sgt. Maj. Gene Coughlin as a capable narrator and thunderclaps of applause greeting the soloists and various units. The Backbone of the program was the sterling 25-piece jazz ensemble that provided a scintillating backdrop of rich, percussive sound...*



(Above) Hal Gibson leads "Sing Out" at Walt Disney World, during its first year of operations.

...the Studio Band played with a compelling brilliance that gave a sheen to the entire evening. The unique sound was built on stellar section work and the closest attention to phrasing. The brass accents were spine-tingling. This listener's favorite was the collection of Gershwin numbers in a stunning Dave Wolpe arrangement. Wolpe is the Studio Band's chief arranger. The old favorites seemed fresh and vigorous in the lively settings for the full company and Lee Christian [from the Women's Army Corps] was excellent on 'The Man I love.' One of the most impressive interludes in the evening came as CW3 Donald Flewell, director of the Studio Band, took over from Col. Gibson for two stunning numbers spotlighting the band—'Los Nachos' with Eric Traub's eloquent saxophone and 'Route 81 North,' again with Traub's saxophone and trumpet embroidery by Andy Woodard."

The Soldiers' Chorus-which was still a men's chorus at the time—was heavily featured, along with many soloists. Four female vocalists joined the ensemble from the Women's Army Corps. In addition, an acoustic folk trio known as the Volunteers performed, featuring Dennis Blanchard, Dennis Green, and Tom Walrond. All three members enlisted together and performed until 1973. When Green and Walrond left the Army, Dennis Blanchard continued to sing in the Soldier's Chorus until 1981, when he founded the reboot of the Volunteers as a rock band. Known often as the "VOLS," they became the official fourth touring component of the Army Field Band, and performed for over three decades until they were reimagined as the current "Six String Soldiers."

During the 1973 and 1974 Sing Out performances, Gibson used brass players from the Studio Band and Concert Band and billed them as the "Satin Brass" (pictured in the photo on page 26).



SATURDAY, MAY 6th

at 8:00 p.m. at the Sheboygan



(Above) Vocal soloists were an important part of "Sing Out." Featured here are Eddie Morant (L) and Lance Sweigart (R).

You and your entire family will see and hear "Something Dif-ferent"... on evening filled with exciting, innovative musical sounds of today you're sure to enjoy! This unique musical ex-travaganza features the "Studio Band" and Soldiers' Charus of the World Famous United States Army Field Band plus a

Special Added Attraction:

"The Volunteers"

the United States Army Field Band thrilled a Si e with mell exoberant concert band performance. And (. . . with a fast-paced, ear-filling event you won't want FREE TICKETS for the whole family now!

Hurry . . . Don't Be Disappointed!

There are still a limited supply of

FREE TICKETS Available

(Above) From the Sheboygan Press, 1 May 1972.

1973 & 1974: The Studio Band Resumes its own concert tours under the direction of CPT Grogan and CW3 Flewell

Although Sing Out For America toured several more times in 1973 and 1974 using Studio Band and Soldiers' Chorus personnel, Hal Gibson directed the Field Band's normal components to resume their touring missions. Both Jack Grogan and Don Flewell are listed as directors on programs from Studio Band performances in 1973 and 1974, including a 1973 Spring Tour to the Southwest, Summer 1973 concerts, and a Fall Tour 1974 to Ohio and Pennsylvania.





BEAT GOES ON—The percussion section is an important part of any band and the Army Studio Band is no exception. Here SP6 Thomas Dupin provides the distinctive beat of the band's own special flavor of jazz.



1977-1986: The Paul Chiaravalle Years The Studio Band's longest tenured director leads the band through its redesignation as the Jazz Ambassadors

In 1974, Hal Gibson moved to the joint-services Bicentennial Band to lead that organization during its first year of touring during the nation's bicentennial celebrations. Sam Fricano became the Field Band's fifth commander, and Jack Grogan relinquished his duties as director of the Studio Band to become the unit's executive officer.

For the next two years, leadership of the Studio Band was taken over by two enlisted men: Sergeant Major Dave Wolpe and Sergeant First Class John R. Berry. Wolpe had been with the group since its founding and served as assistant director for a number of years. Also a trombonist, John Berry served in the Studio Band from 1973 to 1983, and, like Wolpe, went on to have a successful career as a composer and arranger.³¹

In 1977, Chief Warrant Officer Two Paul Chiaravalle arrived from West Point, where he had been leading the Jazz Knights.



Chief Warrant Officer Three Paul A. Chiaravalle Director of the Studio Band 1977-1986



"Chiaravalle, a native of Cleveland, OH began his musical studies at the age of ten with Martin Zielinski and later Harold Herforth of the Cleveland Orchestra. In September 1965, he entered the Army and after completion of basic training at Fort Gordon, GA, was assigned to the United States Military Academy Band at West Point. While at West Point, Chiaravalle was featured trumpet soloist with its concert band and director of the jazz ensemble. In September 1973, he undertook bandmaster studies at the Army element of the Navy School of Music in Little Creek, VA."³²







(Above) Tim McWright (L) and Fred Quigley (R).





Soldiers Of Sound Entertain Tylerites

By BETTY HURT NELSON Women's Editor

Armed with horns, woodwinds and drumsticks, the Soldiers of Sound captured more than 1,000 people Monday night in Tyler.

The occasion was not a war game but an evening of music presented by the United States Army Field Band, directed by Chief Warrant Officer Paul A. Chiaravalle.

The band was loaded with plenty of ammunition rounds of music ranging from the big bands to jazz to contemporary.

The performance of the 18piece band, co-sponsored by the Tyler Courier-Times and South Tyler Rotary Club, began with "The Star-Spangled Banner," with the audience rising to its feet, singing along.

Then, the band let loose with tunes such as Henry Mancini's "Moment to Moment," Benny Goodman's "Let's Dance," Glenn Miller's "Moonlight Serenade," Tommy Dorsey's "I'm Getting Sentimental Over You" and Harry James' "Ciribiribin."

The audience was in a good

(Above) From the Tyler Morning Telegraph, 18 April 1978.

mood by then, ripe for the Soldiers of Sound's own arrangement of "Close Encounters of the Third Kind" theme.

And, if there were any aliens hovering around Caldwell Auditorium, they were surely impressed.

The audience was. The theme, which drew a large round of applause, was wonierful

The Soldiers of Sound

In late 1977 the decision was made to change the name of the Studio Band, and they became known for a short time as the "Soldiers of Sound." They performed as such for tours during 1978, and recorded the LP Album Jazz: A Great Americal Heritage, Part II.³³



FIELD BAND

Caldwell Auditorium

The Jazz Ambassadors

By late 1978, the band was known as the "Jazz Ambassadors," a name which more clearly reflected the unit's touring mission and heritage.³⁴ The instrumentation had evolved from the original modified studio orchestra setup to that of a straight ahead big band, and the progression into the current format of the Jazz Ambassadors was complete.

From 1978 to the present, members of the Jazz Ambassadors have performed around the world on concert tours and at jazz festivals, international military tattoos, and conferences. Highlights include performances at the Montreux and North Sea jazz festivals, the Midwest Clinic, the 50th anniversary of WWII remembrance in England, and the Glenn Miller Birthplace Society in Japan. Other events have taken them to Mexico, India, Belgium, Norway, Scotland, Switzerland, and Finland. They have collaborated with orchestras such as the Cincinnati Pops and the Seattle, San Diego, Detroit, and National Symphonies, and collaborated with jazz artists including Phil Woods, Sean Jones, Warren Wolfe, Dick Oatts, Eric Marienthal, Brian Bromberg, and Wayne

Bergeron. In addition, they have continued their tradition of recording albums, including with their 2015 project "The Soldier Sessions" with Sammy Nestico.

They celebrated their 50th anniversary in 2019 and continue to fulfill the Field Band's mission, using the art form of jazz just as effectively as the Soldiers of the 1950s and 1960s.





1983

Paul Chiaravalle directed the Jazz Ambassadors until 1983. He is pictured here with the band at the US Capitol.



1989

In 1989, the Jazz Ambassadors were the first military group to perform on the main stage at the Montreux Jazz Festival in Switzerland. Here, Chief Warrant Officer Chuck Booker conducts the final note of their concert. Pictured in the saxophone section are (L to R) Vince Norman, Loran McClung, Gene Thorne, and Pat Dillon.





1989

The band performs at the North Sea Jazz Festival in the Hague, the Netherlands during Summer 1989.



1994 At the opening of the Japan branch of the Glenn Miller Birthplace Society.

1994

The band toured overseas in support of "50th anniversary of WWII" remembrances. They perform here at the Wilton Estate in Wiltshire, England on 30 May, 1994, in reproduction uniforms—greens for enlisted soldiers, and "pinks and greens" for officers, who had the choice to wear the lightercolored pants. Freddie Vinson, Jr. (far right) directs the band.





2003 With Erich Kunzel and the Cincinnati Pops.



2006 At the Monterey Jazz festival in California the world's longest running jazz festival.



2008 At the Midwest Clinic international band and orchestra conference in Chicago.

2015

The band records with Sammy Nestico for their album "Sammy Nestico - The Soldier Sessions" at BIAS studios in Springfield, VA.





2019 The Jazz Ambassadors lived up to their name and continued the touring mission into their 50th anniversary year. They are pictured here in concert in Boone, NC on 17 October 2019.

2019

The Jazz Ambassadors 50th anniversary concert on Ft. Meade, MD featured alumni of the "JAs" and Studio Band, including (on trombone) Mike Buckley, and (on Saxophone) Bernie Rose (L) and Charlie Almeida (R).



Appendix A: Chronology of Directors of the Studio Band and Jazz Ambassadors

CW3 Charles F. Almeida, Jr.	1968-1972
COL Jack H. Grogan, Jr.	1970-1971
CW4 Donald M. Flewell	1971-1974
COL Jack H. Grogan, Jr.	1973-1974
SGM David J. Wolpe	1975-1976
SFC John R. Berry	1976-1977
CW3 Paul A. Chiaravalle	1977-1986
CW4 Charles L. Booker, Jr.	1986-1993
CW5 Freddie Vinson, Jr.	1993-2001
CW4 Kevin R. Laird	2001-2007
CW4 Gordon K. Kippola	2007-2011
CW5 William S. McCulloch	2011-2014
CW2 Daniel P. Wood	2014-2017
CW2 Kevin L. Pick	2017-2020
CW3 Alexander Davis	2020-2024

All personnel listed with their highest rank attained at the time of this writing and not necessarily their rank at the time they directed the band.

Dave Wolpe and John R. Berry were both credited as assistant directors or enlisted directors, and filled in at various times during their careers (Dave Wolpe: 1968-1976, John R. Berry: 1973-1983)
Appendix B: Vocalists of the Studio Band and Jazz Ambassadors

The Studio Band and Jazz Ambassadors featured many excellent jazz vocalists, including Rick DeAzevedo, Jonathan Brown, Eddie Morant, Don Ryer (who also played trumpet), John Montgomery, Delores King Williams, Dana Rogers, Marva Lewis, and Randy Wight.



(Above) Vocalists of the Studio Band (Clockwise, starting above): Rick DeAzevedo, Eddie Morant, Don Ryer, John Montgomery, and Jonathan Brown.











Appendix C: Vinyl Discography

Jackets from the LP albums recorded by the Studio Band, Soldiers of Sound, and Jazz Ambassadors are a unique source of history as they featured extensive space for cover art, program notes, and personnel info.





THE STUDIO BAND OF THE INTERNATIONALLY FAMOUS UNITED STATES ARMY FIELD BAND OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

nd best described as a blend of hard rock, pop and jazz, the Studio Band has represented the United States Army the country in concert, and at music clinics and conferences at leading colleges and universities. anavageme ne ocentry ne context, and at music clinica and contrevence at leading college and universities. The word revent sectores of this imiting and the first paper areas before educators and mutchins at the 11th Annual Mid-Beit Instrumental Music Contenence and any and the sectore and any and the sectore and the sectore and any and the sectore and the sectore and any and the sectore and the

AT THE RECORDING SESSION . .

Production Director of Field Services, Entertainmen Program, Office of The Adjutant General, Department of the Army
Audio and Production Engineer
Director, Studio Band
MEET THE MUSICIANS

mas Meyer — Alto and Soprand Saxophone Solos SP5 Gerald Noonan — Flute Solos SP6 Alan Goulet — Tenor Saxophone So

- Trombone Solos

SP7 David Wolpe — SP5 Wendell Shepard SP5 Arthur Starnes SP5 James Sochinsky

GUITAR SP5 James Scott DRUMS SP6 John Gates SP5 Stenhen Gadd

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THE ARMY ENTERTAINMENT PROGRAM

presents

THE SECOND ALL-ARMY COMPOSERS-ARRANGERS SHOWCASE

featuring

THE STUDIO BAND of

THE UNITED STATES ARMY FIELD BAND of Washington, D. C.

performing

Top Entries in this Army-Wide Music Competition

ALL-ARMY COMPOSERS-ARRANGERS SHOWCASE

THEFARINE Competition is designed to furnish additional troop entertainment at all echelons; provide incentives for self-development of composers and arrangers among Army personnel; identify those persons within the Army who possess creative musical abilities so that they may be encouraged to participate in activities of the Army Entertainment Program on a continuing basis; and give deserved recognition to outstanding Army personnel in the fields of composition and arranging.

SIDE 1

SIDE 2

- 1. "VOYAGE TO THE SEVENTH STAR"
- 2.
- "VOYAGE TO THE SEVENTH STAR" Original Composition and Arrangement for Full Stage Band by 1LT. Richard B. Wallick, Defense Language Institute, Presidio of Monterey, California FIRST PLACE "COMIN" BACK" Original Vocal Composition and Accompaniment for Small Stage Band by SF5 Daniel F. Schroeder, 4th Army Band, Fort Sam Houston, Texas . . FIRST PLACE 3. "HAUNTING ME"
- An Original Composition and Arrangement for Small Stage Band by SP4 Julian W. Harvey, 74th Army Band, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana . . FIRST PLACE BARBARA'





Program

SIDE ONE

72472

ROUTE 81 NORTH Composed and arranged by Sp Ray Brown

A QUIET AFTERNOON Composed and arranged by Sp Mark Blumberg Sp Andy Woodard, Flugelhorn

GOODBYE TO LOVE Arranged by MSG Dave Wolpe MSG Ted Kramer, Trombone

TIME STOOD STILL Composed and arranged by Sp Mark Blumberg dedicated to his father

SIDE TWO

APPLE STRUDEL AND CHEESE Composed and arranged by MSG Dave Wolpe IS THERE ANYTHING STILL THERE? Composed and arranged by Sp Ray Brown Sp Dick Griffo, Tenor sax

AMAZING GRACE

Arranged by Sp Mark Blumberg, Sp Bret Stamps, Sp Bill Isom, Sp Dick Griffo, Sp Gary Dailey

ary Uzaliey Salvation Army Band The Royal Scots Dragoon Band Burt Bacharach Pat Williams Isaac Hayes Chicago Chase Count Basie Gount Basie Gil Evans Buddy Rich Thad Jones Thad Jones Maynard Ferguson Stan Kentor Don Ellis Chuck Mangione

CREDITS

CREDITS Produced by Frank Kinsman Recording Engineer: Nelson Funk Mix-down: MSG Tom Williams, SP Mark Blumberg, SP Steve Buecker, and SP Joe Mosello Recorded: RODEL STUDIO, Washington, D. C., Nov. 72 Special thanks to Hammer & Nails Music Co., and ASCAP for the use of "Goodbye To Love", and to MSG Tom Williams, USAF for the mix-down.

THE UNITED STATES ARMY FIELD BAND Presents THE STUDIO BAND LTC Hal J. Gibson, Commander **CWO Donald M. Flewell, Director**

The U.S. Army Studio Band, stationed at Ft. Meade, Md., prove themselves once again to be a unit of well rehearsed, well coordinated, talented musicians. This album displays the aptitude, versitility and over-all good feeling of the band playing some great charts created by their super writing staff.

I had the good fortune of working with the group for a special concert at the Left Bank Jazz Society in Baltimore during December of 1972. We rehearsed several mornings and the band roared in concert with the approval of a large jazz-oriented audience. There was afteling of shock from the part of the audience who hadn't heard the band before. I guess they expected a few Sousa marches. We also had a ball and a great concert.

The band a sems to have that happy feeling in their music. Listen, for exam-ple, to their first track — ROUTE 81 NORTH by Ray Brown. It's a be-bop chart that flies, hard to play, but the band handles it well. The solos are by Ted Kramer, trombone; Andy Woodard, trumpet; and Dick Griffo, tenor. APPLE STRUDEL AND CHEESE by Dave Wolpe features Brett Stamps on trombone in a down-homey chart that swings happily. Brett displays loads of high chops and technical facility.

AND TIME STOOD STILL by Mark Blumberg is one of the strongest charts on the album. Mark shows off the versatility of the band by making heavy use of Drew Greis on oboe, and the French horn section. There is a strong union of symphonic writing ited into the jazz-rock feeling that introduces the major theme. Dennis Diemond on soprano sax and Brett Stamps on trombone solo in the rock section. The piece segues into a beautiful, lyrical melody expressed by fluegelhorn player Andy Woodard. This is a prime example of jazz becoming more and more conductive the section of the section of the section of the section of the section. sophisticated.

Mark's other chart on the album is a beautiful ballad featuring Andy or fluegelhorn. It is warm, lyrical and well presented by Andy and the band as a QUIET AFTERNOON.

OUIET AFTERNOON. Dave Wolpe contributed his idea of the Carpenter's tune GOODBYE TO LOVE. The trombone solo is by Ted Kramer and the tenor solo is by Dick Griffo. One of my favorite charts written in the last few years was written by Ray Brown. It is a feature for tenor played by Dick Griffo called IS THERE ANYTHING STILL THERE? The chart begins as a slow ballad with the tenor carrying the melody. Midway the band breaks into a rock-flavored concept that contains some of the best lines and hortest pieces of writing that I've encoun-tered. Ray's melodic concept and jazz feeling joined with his orchestrating tech-nique make him one of the best writers in this country in my opinion. Dick Griffo gets into the chart well. The result is a great track on IS THERE ANY-THING STILL THERE? VARIATIONS ON AMAZING GRACE

THING STILL THERE? VARIATIONS ON AMAZING GRACE is a gospel type tune that was an experiment by the band and writers. Each variation is written in the style of a current popular group. To name just a few – Chicago, Chase, Count Basie, Stan Kenton, Don Ellis, Thad Jones, Mel Lewis, more and more. The piece lasts 17 minutes or so with 5 writers sharing the credits – Mark Blumberg, Bill Ison, Brett Stamps, Dick Griffo and Gary Dailey. Each took his assignment and when com-pleted they put the chart together. It's a fun piece with the various band styles quite apparent. Soloists are Andy Woodard on fluegelhorn, Joe Mosello on trum-pet and Tony Schwartz on piano.

pet and Iony Schwartz on piano. The Army Studie Band rehearses 3 to 4 hours every day, plus the concerts and performances they play throughout the country. The band plays "together", The brass section, led by 1st trumpeter Joe Mosello, phrases rock or jazz with taste and precision. The soloists all have something to say in their solos. The band can play anything that is required of them whether it be soft and subtle or loud and roaring. The band has CHOPSI (TSUE CECTOR)

HANKIEVY

Hank Levy is currently Assistant Professor of Music at Towson State College, Towson, Maryland and is writing for Don Ellis and Stan Kenton.



Personnel

CWO DONALD FLEWELL- director

SP DENNIS DIEMOND - alto sax, soprano sax, flute, piccolo, alto flute

SP RICK KOWERSKI - alto sax, flute, alto flute, clarinet

SP DICK GRIFFO - tenor sax, flute, clarinet SP AL COCHRAN - tenor sax, flute, clarinet MSG JERRY LEE - baritone sax, clarinet,

bass clarinet SP DREW GREIS - oboe, English horn

SP JOE MOSELLO - trumpet SP BUZZ PARKER - trumpet

SP GARY DAILEY - trumpet

SP MARK BLUMBERG - trumpet,

flugelhorn SP ANDY WOODARD - trumpet flugelhorn

SP BRET STAMPS - trombone MSG TED KRAMER - trombone SP JIM ASMUSSEN - trombone SP LUTHER MURPHY - tuba, bass trombone

SP TONY CASON - French horn MSG ROD HARRINGTON - French horn ST STEVE BUECKER - French horn

SP TONY SCHWARTZ - piano, electric piano SP JIM BOGGS - bass SP TOM DUPIN - drums

A GREAT AMERICAN HERITAGE

"JAZZ"



CWO Donald M. Flewell, Director

PROGRAM

SIDE 1

- PATRIOTIC PROLOGUE Kenton
- THAT OLD BLACK MAGIC Wolpe

EVOLUTION OF THE BIG BANDS...... Laurent/Isom/Wolpe A portpourri of theme songs from famous "big bands" of the past and present including: Glenn Miller, Ben-ny, Goodman, Harry James, Tommy Dorsy, Law-rence Welk, Duke Ellington, Les Brown, Count Basie and Stan Kenton.

TRIBUTE TO THAD JONES "US"..... Jones

BILL BAILEY..... Heathman Featuring the Saxophone Section (Our thanks to North Texas State for the use of this refreshing ar-rangement of an old familiar tune.)

SIDE 2

THE BLACK AMERICAN

AND JAZZ arr. Blumberg Features Specialist Eddie Morant, vocalist. A Blum-berg arrangement of songs written by or made famous by Black American Artists.

CREDITS

Produced by The Studio Band on Tour Recording Engineer: SP Steve Buecker Mix-down: Steve Buecker Recorded: Live on tour, Spring 1973

The United States Army Field Band presents

THE STUDIO BAND

LTC HAL J. GIBSON - Commander **CWO DONALD M. FLEWELL - Director**

The Studio Band is the official touring Jazz Ensemble of the United States Army, and a component of the United States Army Field Band. During the Spring of 1973 the Studio Band toured the Southwestern states bringing its special brand of American Jazz to thousands of enthusiastic music lovers. This album contains portions of the programs presented and was recorded "live".

Based on the tremendous response of our audiences and the letters received, we feel we accomplished our goal of rekindling the passions of Americans, young and old, toward an art which is purely American and belongs to all of us.





PERSONNEL

CWO DONALD FLEWELL - director

SP RICK KOWERSKI - alto sax, soprano sax, flute, piccolo, alto flute SP AL COCHRAN - alto sax, flute, alto flute,

clarinet SP DICK GRIFFO - tenor sax, flute, clarinet SP MARK KIRK - tenor sax, flute, clarinet MSG JERRY LEE - baritone sax, clarinet,

bass clari SP DREW GREIS - oboe, English horn

SP JOE MOSELLO - trumpet SP BUZZ PARKER - trumpet SP GARY DAILEY - trumpet SP MARK BLUMBERG - trumpet, flugelhor

SP ANDY WOODARD - trumpet, flugelhorn

SP TONY CASON - French horn MSGT ROD HARRINGTON - French horn SP STEVE BUECKER - French horn

SP BRET STAMPS - trombone MSG TED KRAMER - trombone SP JIM ASMUSSEN - trombone SP DAVE HEGMANN - bass trombone SP LUTHER MURPHY - tuba, bass trombone

SP TONY SCHWARTZ - piano, electric piano SP JIM BOGGS - bass SP TOM DUPIN - drum

SP GREG SHEARER - guitar SP EDDIE MORANT - vocalist SP GENE BEITEL - narrator





6:05

4:21

2:41

CWO Flewell

PROGRAM

Lean On Me

A Toast To The Flag

Text by John Daly

SIDE #1

Sing Out For America Hal J. Gibson	
The Voice of Freedom Johnny Mann	
Sing Out For America Reprise Hal Gibson/Wolpe	4:09
This Is A Great Country Irving Berlin/Wolpe	2:08
Music Man Meredith Willson/Blumberg Specialist Robert Hildreth, Soloist	9:58
Take Me Out To The Ball Game Blumberg	1:30
SIDE #2	
I Remember Gershwin George & Ira Gershwin/Wolpe	6:05
I Did It My Way Anka, Revaux & Francois/Blumberg Specialist Lance Sweigart, Soloist	4:24

Bill Withers/Laurent MSG Robert Throne, Soloist

The United States Army Field Band presents "SING OUT FOR AMERICA" LTC HAL J. GIBSON **Commander & Conductor CWO DONALD M. FLEWELL Technical Director** SGM GENE COUGHLIN Narrator

"Sing Out for America" is the newest production of the United States Army Field Band. It is a show, as contrasted with a formal concert, and combines the talents of the internationally famous Soldiers' Chorus with the newly created Satin Brass. Taihub soluties chocks with unkny orceasion between the Both "Sing Out for America" and Satin Brass are creations of the Field Band's commander and conductor, Lieutenant Colo-nel Hal J. Gibson. He says, "It was our desire to spotlight the strengths, the vitality, the exhuberance of our country through its popular music". "Sing Out for America" is an unrelent-ing, unintimidated voice that cries out for all that is good and meaningful in this country. eaningful in this country.





Recorded at the studios of The United States Army Band November 15, 1973 Recording engineer - Master Sergeant Jerry Nedilsky



The Soldiers' Chorus is the vocal counterpart of "The Kings of the Highway," the United States Army Field Band of Wash-ington, D. C. The Chorus was formed more than a quarter century ago and, since then, has thrilled audiences throughout the world with its own special arrangements of music as varied as the coun-tries it has visited.

The Soldiers' Chorus has performed in all 50 states, Canada, Mexico, the United Kingdom, Europe, the Far East, Central and South America, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

and South America, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Notable performances since the inception of the Chorus have included concerts at the New York and Seattle World's Fairs, EXPO '67, in Carnegie Hall, at the Damrosch Shell in New York's Lincoln Center, the Mormon Tabernacle in Salt Lake City, and at the Hollywood Bowl. The group has also ap-peared in the Merriweather Post Pavillion in Columbia, Mary-land, on the Esplanade in Boston, in Philadelphia's Robin Hood Dell, at Disneyland and Walt Disney World, and at the Garden State Arts Center in Holmdel, New Jersey. Considered by critics to be one of the finest male vocal groups now appearing before the public, the Soldiers' Chorus has in addition performed frequently on network radio, television and in motion pictures.

Whether performing in the United States or abroad – the Chorus continues to carry its message of patriotism and good-will to audiences everywhere through the universal language of music



Satin Brass is the newest performing ensemble of the United States Army Field Band, the Army's "showcase" traveling musical organization.

musical organization. While the noble, majestic, full-bodied brass section is most familiar to every music lover, we felt that the full spectrum of brass possibilities remained unexplored. By exploiting the complete family of brass, from the tuba up through and in-cluding the piccolo trumpet, we haye created a sound that is at once soulful, endearing, exhilarating, exciting and ebulli-ent. When orchestrated in concert with an expanded modern hythm section, we achieve a depth and dimension that we consider to be unique.





Arrangers and composers spell the real difference with the Soldiers of Sound. The band's own arranging staff (all playing members of the group) pours a continuous flow of new works into the library. These writers (with the help of two former members) are responsible for all the arrangements and compositions on this album, and have penned most of the material which gives this band such a unique sound. The Soldiers of Sound travels more than 20,000 miles each year

The Soldiers of Sound travels more than 20,000 miles each year bringing its music to hundreds of thousands of Americans. We consider it a privilege to present this album to you, and look forward to seeing you in person on our next tour of your area!

Special thanks to the United States Army Band. Fort Myer, Virginia for use of their recording facilities. Also: MSO Jerry Nedlisky (recording engineer), SP6 Cheryl Branklin and SP6 Jeannie Stevens (background voeals) SP6 Pat Dilloi (cover design and artwork). SP6 Dan Donhue (Photography and technical assistance).

From Washington, D.C. The Jazz Ambassadors

of the United States Army Field Band

LTC William E. Clark, Commander

SIDE ONE

TIME CHECK (4:38)
Pat Dillon-Tenor Sax/ Bob Roetker-Guitar/Tom Dupin-Drums
Arr. by John Berry (ASCAP)
Bob Roetker-Guitar BE BOP MINOR
Comp. & Arr. by Rich Matteson (BMI) Rich Matteson-Euphonium
GEORGIA ON MY MIND (4:42) Arr. By Rich Matteson (BMI) Rich Matteson-Euphonium
SIDE TWO
LADY WITH THE PRETTY LEGS (4:31) Comp. & Arr. by Eugene Thorne © 1980

LADY WITH THE PRETTY LEGS	(4:31)
Comp. & Arr. by Eugene Thorne @ 1980	
Bruce Silva-Trumpet/Eugene Thome-Alto Sax	
CASTLES IN THE SKY	(4:34)
Comp. & Arr. by John Berry @1979	
Jim Roberts-Bass	
Bob Roetker-Guitar	
EVERYTHING MUST CHANGE	(6:37)
Arr. by Ken McCoy (ASCAP)	
Pat Dillon-Tenor Sax	
WILD APPLE HONEY	(2:18)
Arr. By Butch Evans (ASCAP)	
Pat Dillon-Tenor Sax/Eugene Thorne-Alto Sax	

Tom Dupin-Drums

The mission of the JAZZ AMBASSADORS is to bring the native American music of Jazz to Americans in every part of the country. The Band travels in excess of 25,000 miles during the course of three tours each year, and has established a nation-wide following of loyal fans. Within recent months, the JAZZ AMBASSADORS have performed at the Left Bank Jazz Society in Baltimore, Md, the NAJE National Convention in St. Louis, Mo., and at Walt Disney World in Orlando, Florida. The Band also participated in the Tn-State Music Festival in Enid, Ok-lahoma, with trumpet clinician and soloist. Bobby Shew, and has made numerous television appearances through-outthe country.

and has made numerous elevision appearances through-outhe country The JAZZ AMBASADORS represent the sound of the 80's, ever attuned to the constantly changing trends of today's music. The exciting combination of their en-thusiasm, talent and the power of their music makes each performance a memorable one.

Producer:	CWO Paul A. Chiaravalle	
Supervising Engineer:	MSG Dave Hegmann	
Supervising Engineer.	MSG Dave negmann	
Recording Engineer:	SP6 Tony Sturba	
Mastering Engineer:	Bill Lightner	
Jacket Design:	SFC Pat Dillon	





Rich Matteson Special Guest Soloist

RICH MATTESON is recognized internationally as one of HICH MAT I ESUN is recognized internationally as one of the most excling jazz soloists and clinicians, as well as a music teacher, professional arranger, and guest artist. Richis as professor al North Texas State University in Denton, Texas, teaching jazz improvisation. Rich's arse-nal of instruments includes euphonium, valve trombone, bass frumpet, tuba and piano.

Recorded Live on tour September-October, 1980 and at the National A azz Educators Convention, January 8, 1981. Special thanks to Mr. Rich Matteson for his exhilarating performance. The United States Army Field Band For United States Army Field Band For George G. Meade, Maryland 20755 FOR PROMOTIONAL USE ONLY. FURS ALBUM IS NOT FOR SALE.



DIRECTOR CWO Paul A. Chiaravalle SAXOPHONES/WOODWINDS

MSG Tim McWright*(As SFC Eugene Thorne** SFC Pat Dillon SFC J. Fred Quigley SGM Jerry Lee (First S SP6 Joe Calianno

TRUMPETS

SFC Bruce Silva* SP6 Will Miller** SFC Don Ryer SP6 Greg Reese

TROMBONES

SFC Charles Garrett* MSG Ted Kramer BASS TROMBONES

KEYBOARDS MSG Torres

n Roberts**

Dupin**

SOUND TECHNICIAN

TRANSPORTATION

BASS

DRUMS

GUITAR

Houston, Texas Vero Beach, Florida Ashwaubenon, Wisconsin Carlisle, Pennsylvania Humboldt, Tennessee Scranton, Pennsylvania

HOMETOWN leveland, Ohio LIVE ON TOUR

US ARMY DIP 06468

the official touring jazz ensemble of the U.S. Army

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New Bedford, Massachusetts Fort Pierce, Florida Baltimore, Maryland York, Pennsylvania Chicago Illinois

Miami Beach, Florida Tulsa, Oklahoma Flint, Michigan

Warsaw, Indiana Miami, Florida wartz* ** (Assoc D

Watonga, Oklahoma Bowie, Maryland

Covington, Kentucky Cincinnati, Ohio

Bowie, Maryland

Baltimore, Maryland Baltimore, Maryland Morgantown, West Virginia

* denotes Section Leader ** denotes Jazz Ambassadors Arranging Staff (Chief Arranger: SFC John Berry)

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From Washington D.C.

The Jazz Ambassadors of The U.S. Army Field Band

Lieutenant Colonel William E. Clark, Commander

SIDE ONE

OPENING Comp. & Arranged by John Berry MY COUNTRY 'TIS OF THEE	(1:52)
Arr. R. Curnow	Traditional
TANGERINE Arr. John Berry Don Ryer - Trumpet Pat Dillon - Tenor Sax	(2:54) ASCAP
BIG BAND MEDLEY LET'S DANCE John DeSalme - Clarinet	(5:50) BMI
MOONLIGHT SERENADE I'M GETTING SENTIMENTAL OVER YOU Charles Garrett - Trombone	ASCAP
CIRIBIRIBIN John Brye - Trumpet	ASCAP
INTERMISSION RIFF LEAPFROG	ASCAP
TAKE THE 'A' TRAIN Greg Reese - Trumpet	ASCAP
APRIL IN PARIS	ASCAP
NEW YORK, NEW YORK Arr. Ken McCoy Don Ryer - Vocal	(3:44) BMI
AMERICAN THE BEAUTIFUL*** Arr. Dave Wolpe Charles Garrett - Trombone	(2:18) Traditional

SIDE TWO

APPLE HONEY Arr. Butch Evans Pat Dillon - Tenor Sax Eugene Thorne - Alto Sax

GEORGIA ON MY MIND* Arr. Tom Dupin Bruce Silva - Trumpet

ANOTHER STAR** Arr. Ken McCoy John Montgomery - Vocal Jim McWright - Alto Sax

STARS AND STRIPS Arr. Dave Wolpe Pat Dillon - Piccolo

EL GATO 'BOO' Comp. & Arr. by John Berry © 1981 CWO Paul Chiaravalle - Trumpet



Chief Warrant Officer Paul A. Chiaravalle

Director

MSG Don Rver

SFC John Montgomery

STAFF ARRANGER SFC Ken McCoy

DIRECTOR CWO Paul Chiaravalle

TRUMPETS MSG Don Ryer SFC Bruce Silva SFC John Brye SP6 Rick Aspel SP6 Greg Reese

TROMBONES MSG Charles Garrett SFC John Montgomery SP6 Jim McFalls

BASS TROMBONES

KEYBOARDS MSG Tony Schwartz

BASS SP6 Jim Roberts

DRUMS MSG Tom Dupin

GUITAR SP6 Jack Zucker

MSG Dave Hegmann SFC John Berry (Assistant Director)

SAXOPHONES/WOODWINDS SGM Tim McWright SFC Eugene Thorne SFC Pat Dillon SP6 Joe Calianno SP6 John DeSalme

The JAZZ AMBASSADORS is the premier touring jazz ensemble of the United States Army. Each year these select musicians from Washington D.C. travel thousands of miles during the course of three major tours, performing free concerts for the American public. Since its inception in 1969, this versatile group of 20 musicians, drawn from the country's leading universities and major recording centers, has been blending the sounds of jazz, rock, pop and patriotic music for the enjoyment of The superior standard of musicianship attained by the JAZZ AMBASSADORS, coupled with their individuality, keeps their sound fresh and exciting. From the melotic big band tunes of the Forties to the driving rhythms of modern day rock, the JAZZ AMBASSADORS puts it all together in a musical package equally appealing to all age groups.

. (2:19) ASCAP

(4:30)

(3:35) ASCAP

(4:26) ASCAP

(2:19) ASCAP

Producers CWO Paul Chiaravalle SFC John Berry

Recording Engineers:

SGM Jerry Nedilsky The U.S. Army Band "Pershing's Own"

MSG Dave Hegmann The U.S. Army Field Band

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HOMETOWN Cleveland, Ohio

Houston, Texas Vero Beach, Florida Ashwaubenon, Wisconsin Scranton, Pennsylvania Iowa City, Iowa

Baltimore, Maryland New Bedford, Massachusetts Corvallis, Oregon Chicago, Illinois York, Pennsylvania

Miami Beach, Florida Flint, Michigan Lancaster, Pennsylvania

Miami, Florida Warsaw, Indiana

Watonga, Oklahoma

Bowie, Maryland

Covington, Kentucky

Lanham, Maryland

Greenville,Ohio



44

Engineering Assistant:

SFC Tony Sturba

Mastering Engineer

Bill Lightner - Kdisc Mastering

Jacket Design

SFC Pat Dillor



from Washington, D.C. azz Ambassadors The of the United States Army Field Band Chief Warrant Officer Charles L. Booker, Jr., Director **Gettin' Sentimental** I 1111111 1 1 1 1 1 ale alle



Mid-West International Band and Orchestra Clinic, Dec. 1987

The Jazz Ambassadors, an integral part of the United The Jazz Ambassadors, an integral part of the United States Army Field Band, is the premier touring jazz ensemble of the United States Army. Each year, during the course of three major concert tours, they present free performances nationwide to a variety of audiences. For-mal public concerts, school assemblies, jazz festivals, workshops, and radio and television appearances are all part of their varied itinerary.

Since its inception in 1969, this versatile group of 20 musicians has been blending the sounds of jazz, rock, pop, and patriotic music to bring American music to every part of the nation. From the melodic Big Band tunes of the Forties to the driving rhythms of modern-day rock, the Jazz Ambassadors put it all together in a musical package appealing to all age groups.



CWO Booker conducting the band in Washington, D.C. PERSONNEL

DIRECTOR: CWO Charles L. Booker, Jr SG Pat Dillon G John DeSalm G Loran McClu G Les Owen

Charlie Gar John Montg Jim McFalls

TRUMPETS: SGM Bruce Silva* MSG John Brye SFC Rick Aspel SFC Greg Reese SSG Tom William DRUMS: SGM Tom Dupin KEYBOARDS: MSG Tony Sch BASS: SSG Steve Pronk GUITAR: SSG Steve Cosper VOCALIST: MSG John Montg SFC Lew Chapman SSG Homer Ruckle

GETTIN' SENTIMENTAL

THE JAZZ AMBASSADORS

of The United States Army Field Band Colonel William E. Clark, Commander Chief Warrant Officer Charles L. Booker, Jr., Director Sergeant Major Bruce D. Silva, Assistant Director

1:03 0:52

6:43

4:26

3:58

3:30

5:35

2:36

PATE	HOTIC PROLOGUE
	Comp. & Arr. MSG Gene Thorne MSG John Brye — Narrator
AME	RICA
	Comp. Henry Carey Arr. SSG Loran McClung MSG John Brye — Narrator SFC Rick Aspel — Trumpet
SPEA	K LOW
	Comp. Kurt Weill

- SSG Tom Williams Trumpet SSG John DeSalme Tenor Sax MOOD INDIGO.... Comp. Duke Ellington Arr. SSG Loran McClung SFC Lew Chapman – Super
- SFC Lew Chapman Superbone & Flugs ALL OF ME. Comp. Simoni, & Marks Xer, MSG Gene Thorne MSG John Montgomery Vocalist SFC Greg Resse Flugelhom & Trumpe IN THE MOOD. Comp. Joe Garland Arr. SSC Grie Richards SFC Greg Resse Trumpet SSG John DeSalme Trumpet SSG John DeSalme Trumpet
- SIDE TWO I'M GETTING SENTIMENTAL OVER YOU
- Comp. George Bassman Arr. SSG Eric Richards SFC Jim McFalls Trom SFC Jim McFalls – Trombone TEACH ME TONIGHT. Comp. Gene DePaul & Sammy Cahn Arr. MSG Gene Thorne MSG John Montgomery – Vocalist SING, SING, SING. Comp. Louis Prima & Chu Berry Arr. SSG Loran McClaur SGM Tom Dupin – Drums SGM Tom Dupin – Drums
- CHEROKEE Comp. Ray Noble Arr. SSG Eric Richards SSG Les Owen Baritone Sa:
- GOD BLESS AMERICA
 - Comp. Irving Berlin Arr. SSG Jim Roberts MSG John Montgomery Vocalis SSG John DeSalme Tenor Sax



Vocalist John Montgomery and the band in Baltimore, MD



With Louie Bellson at 1987 NAJE convention

umple of utilizing the standard tunes to these tim inderful updated arrangements. Everything about thi great. The voice projects and is meaningful, the sa it on target and the ensemble is exciting. What a great



Sax section with Don Menza at 1987 NAJE conve MASTERING ENGINEER Bill Lightner - Kdisk Mastering PRODUCTION MANAGER MSG Bill Martin PRODUCER CWO Charles L. Booker, Jr. ASSISTANT PRODUCER SSG Loran McClung FRONT COVER PHOTO SFC Tom Puwalski

- RECORDING ENGINEER SFC Tony Sturba SSISTANT ENGINEER SFC Greg Reese
- REMIX ENGINEERS SFC Tony Sturba SFC Greg Reese SSG Loran McClung ALBUM DESIGN MSG Pat Dillon

TYPESETTING

BACK COVER PHOTOS SFC John Baker SSG Debra Jordan

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The ZZ

In Memoriam: Charles F. Almeida, Jr. 1928 - 2024



Charlie Almeida with the Jazz Ambassadors in 2013 performing "Joy Spring," a tune arranged by Ray Brown for the early Studio Band.

By MSG Brian Eldridge, archivist/historian, The United States Army Field Band, 2025.

Dedicated to the men and women who served in the Studio Band and Jazz Ambassadors.

SPECIAL THANKS to the following people for making this article possible:

Charles Almeida, Jr. for his enthusiasm and giving me valuable information to get this project off the ground. Mike Culbertson for his extensive genealogical work on past members of the Field Band. Richard W. Taylor for his exhaustive research into the bands of Chester E. Whiting. S. Joe Levine for his work collecting thousands of photos from Army Field Band alumni. SFC Scott Devereaux, Army Field Band writing and editing team lead. John Gates III (son of John Gates, Jr. of the NORAD band and the Studio Band). Sue Kelley & Bob Barnett for allowing access to their video interview project. MSG Brad Danho for spearheading the 75th anniversary alumni video interviews. Dennis Green, from the original Volunteers.

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